ORDERING CODE
BASIC TYPE $\qquad$
RANGE - 60Hz, 120 V
1145 Sec.
$\begin{array}{ll}003 & 10 \text { Sec } \\ 005 & 20 ~ S e c\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}005 & 20 \mathrm{Sec} \\ 115 & 40 \mathrm{Sec}\end{array}$
00760 Sec.
$009 \quad 150 \mathrm{Sec}$.
0125 Min .
$\begin{array}{ll}014 & 10 \mathrm{Min} \\ 050 & 20 \mathrm{Min}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}050 & 20 \mathrm{Min} \\ 056 & 40 \mathrm{Min}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}056 & 40 \mathrm{Min} \\ 017 & 60 \mathrm{Min}\end{array}$
1135 Hrs..
RANGE - $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 120 \mathrm{~V}$
1016 Sec.
$\begin{array}{ll}116 & 12 \mathrm{Sec} \\ 117 & 24 \mathrm{Sec}\end{array}$
$118 \quad 48 \mathrm{Sec}$
07372 Sec.
$119 \quad 180 \mathrm{Sec}$.
$029 \quad 6 \mathrm{Min}$.
04712 Min .
$052 \quad 48 \mathrm{Min}$

| 058 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 061 | 72 Min |

0306 Hrs..
$\begin{array}{ll}030 & 6 \text { Hrs.. } \\ 000 & \text { Special }\end{array}$
VOLTAGE AND FREQUENCY

| A | $120 / 60$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| B | 240 |


| B | $240 / 60$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| C | $120 / 50$ |
| D | $240 / 50$ |

$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{D} & 240 / 50 \\ \mathrm{~K} & \text { Special }\end{array}$

## ARRANGEMENT

1 On-Delay reset on power interruption
On-Delay reset on power interruption
Off-Delay non-reset on power interruptio
SWITCH DIFFERENTIAL
$2 \quad 2-1 / 2 \%-5 \%$ of dial range
Special
FEATURES
Standard Surface-mounting unit, Clutch Contact
CK Special

322B Timer

## DESCRIPTION:

A dial-adjustable TDR with cycle progress indication, the ATC 322 can also be used as a low-cost automatic reset timer for a wide range of interval, delay and pulse timing functions, in either on delay or off delay operation.

The Series 322 Timer is built to meet NEMA 1 (semi-dust tight) environment requirements and should be mounted in a relatively dust- and dirt-free location

## It is designed for either panel- or surface-mounting

## DIMENSIONS

$\frac{\text { INCHES }}{\text { MILLIMETERS }}$ SURFACE MOUNTING OF TIMER


fLush mounting of timer


MOUNTING: (Maximum panel thickness $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ )
Remove the knob by loosening two \#6 Allen set screws. Remove the dial by lifting out of the recessed bezel. Next remove the bezel, held in place by three flat head screws.

Using the bezel as a template, drill 11/16" diameter shaft-hub clearance hole, and three 6-32 screw clearance holes.

Place the timer behind the panel and reassemble the bezel, dial, and knob on the front of the panel. The top of the dial fits under the small plastic projection in the bezel. Be sure to align the cycle-progress arrow on the timer shaft with the reference mark on the knob.

CAUTION: Do not over-tighten the Allen set screw or you'll strip the threads.

## WIRING:

Wiring terminals are located in the barrier-separated recesses in the right-hand side of the timer housing, and are clearly numbered. Terminals, $1,2,9,11$ and 4 will accept one $.250^{\prime \prime}$ or two $.110^{\prime \prime}$ push-on connectors. All other terminals will accept one 250 " push-on connector only. See the drawings on the following pages for circuits suitable for your application.

CAUTION: Be sure that the line voltage agrees with the electrical rating of the timer.

WIRING:

## TERMINAL WIRING:




## OPERATION:

The 322 is a synchronous motor-driven timer with an lectrically-operated clutch equipped either for on delay or off delay operation.

ON-DELAY
When power is applied (start signal sustained on), the lutch engages, the motor begins to drive a cam toward its zero position, and the instantaneous switch transfers from one set of contacts to the other.
At the end of the timed period, the cam trips one of the delayed switches, but the motor continues to run. A brie time later (about $21 / 2 \%$ to $5 \%$ of full scale), the cam trips the second delayed switch, stopping the motor but leaving the clutch engaged. The 322 resets when power is emoved from the clutch.

OFF DELAY
Timing begins when power is removed (start signal off) from the spring-loaded, normally-engaged clutch. The disengaging it and transferring the instantaneous switch from one set of contacts to the other. Action of the delayed contacts is the same as with the on-delay timer


A power outage stops the motor but does not reset the of power is restored

## SWITCH REPLACEMENT

The complete switch assembly, including the instantaneous and the delayed switches, may be removed by removing the two flat-head screws from the left side of the timer housing and lifting the rectangular section out. The replacement switch assembly is installed in this space, as it is received. Replacement switches are adjusted at the factory to provide the required $2 \%$ differen tial between their operating points, and attempts to change this adjustment in the field may result in faulty timer operation and permanent damage to that particular switch assembly

## SPECIFICATIONS:

## MODELS

Choice of on delay or off delay operation (not field convertible).

## RANGES

12 standard ranges, from 5 sec to 5 hrs at $60 \mathrm{~Hz}(6 \mathrm{sec}$ to 6 hrs at 50 Hz ) as listed in Price Sheet

## REPEAT ACCURACY

$\pm 2 \%$ of dial range.

## RESET TIME

150 ms .

## MiN. SETTING

$5 \%$ of dial range.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY

CONTACTS:
,500,000 cycles (average) 2,500,000 operations under resistive or inductive load of 1 A .

## TIMING MODES <br> SINGLE CYCLE: interval, delay, or pulse.

LOAD SWITCHES
NSTANTANEOUS
DELAYED:
CONTAC
two SPDT, precision type two, SPDT, precision type on-inductive):
10 A at 120 V AC
5 A at 240 V AC.

## TERMINALS

11-point terminal block on side of housing; all terminals accept . 250 " push-on connectors. Terminals 1 2, 4, 9 and 11 are split connectors for use with either one .250 " or two $.110^{\prime \prime}$ push-on connectors.

## POWER REQUIREMENTS

120 or $240 \mathrm{~V}, 50$ or 60 Hz .
RUNNING CURRENT:
$121 \mathrm{~mA}(14.5 \mathrm{VA})$ at
NRUSH CURRENT: $157 \mathrm{~mA}(18.9 \mathrm{VA})$ at 120 V
TEMPERATURE RATING
$32^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(0\right.$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).
WEIGHT
NET:
SHIPPING: $\quad 2$ lbs.

## A WORD ABOUT SAFETY



 Designs incoroporating controls ot any kind should be carefully considered to provide tor their eventual alilure.

## MPORTANT NOTICE




